

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Tuesday, December 6, 1726.

Conclusion of the Treaty concluded betwixt the Emperor and the Czarina.

Article V.

NOne of the contracting Powers shall give Refuge, Succour or Protection to the rebellious Vassals or Subjects of one another: And if the One shall happen to discover any Designs or Machinations which may be hatching against the Other, it shall be forthwith discovered, and all Endeavours used by the Means and Efforts of this Alliance, to oppose and prevent the same.

VI. Touching what regards the mutual Succours to be furnished; it is agreed, That the Emperor, in case any Potentate whatsoever, upon any Pretext or Consideration, shall make War upon her Sacred Majesty of all Russia, in her Kingdoms, Provinces or States possessed by her in Europe, shall send her a Supply of Thirty Thousand Men, Twenty Thousand whereof to be Foot, and Ten Thousand Dragoons. And her Sacred Majesty of all Russia, promises to send the same Supply, as well of Foot as Horse, to his Sacred Imperial and Catholick Majesty, in case of War. As to what regards the Subsistence of these Auxiliaries, the contracting Powers shall instantly agree thereon among themselves.

VII. But, as in case of a War it may happen, that it will be expedient for both Parties to beat back the common Enemy from their own Territories; in that Case, it shall be agreed in Concert, in what Manner the same may be best effected.

VIII. If her Sacred Majesty of all Russia shall equip a Fleet against her Enemies, and to employ the same with Consent of his Sacred Imperial and Catholick Majesty; it is promised, that an assured Azilum shall be given to the said Fleet, not only in all the Havens of the Emperor, but also in all those, both in the Ocean and Mediterranean, belonging to his most Serene Catholick Majesty the King of Spain: Who shall fully accede to the present Treaty, having given full Powers to his Minister at Vienna for that Purpose.

IX. As the Tranquillity and Security of the Kingdom and Republick of Poland are much at Heart with his Sacred Imperial and Catholick Majesty, it has been agreed to invite the King and Kingdom of Poland into this Alliance.

X. But if the Kingdom of Poland will not accede; in that Case, the King of Poland, as Elector of Saxony, with Consent of the most Serene contracting Powers, shall be amicably invited to accede to this Alliance.

XI. And since the Peace between the King and Kingdom of Sweden, and the King and Kingdom of Poland, is not yet entirely established, (which in the mean time may be brought about by the Mediation of her Sacred Majesty of all Russia) his Sacred Imperial and Catholick Majesty will freely use his good Offices, so that that so salutary a Work may be finally completed, by the Mediation of her Sacred Majesty of all Russia, pursuant to the Tenor of the Peace of Niewstadt.

XII. With respect to the most Serene Prince the Duke of Holstein, his Sacred Imperial and Catholick Majesty, declares and promises to do all his Royal Highness can wish; and for that End, he has engaged as Guarantee to the Treaty of Travendal, as well with respect to the most Serene King of Denmark and Norway, as the other Kings and Foreign Princes who have charged themselves with the Guaranty of that Treaty: And as the said Treaty was made up by a particular Convention among the contracting Powers, it shall be held as engrossed in the present Treaty.

XIII. A Year shall be given to all those who incline to accede to this Treaty of Alliance.

XIV. This Treaty shall be Ratified by the contracting Powers in the Space of Three Months, and the Ratifications shall be Exchanged here at Vienna in the usual Manner.

In Witness whereof, the said Ministers Plenipotentiaries have signed these Presents, expedited upon two Copies of the same Tenor; and affixed

xed the Seals of their Coats of Arms. Done at Vienna, August 6, 1726.

(L.S.) EUGENE de SAVOYE.

(L.S.) Philippe-Charles Comte de ZINTZENDORF.

(L.S.) Gundacre Comte de STAHERMBERG.

(L.S.) Frederick-Charles Comte de SCHONBORN.

(L.S.) Lewis Lanczynski de LANCZYN.

From the Evening Post, Nov. 26.

Paris, Nov. 25. The Rumours and Preparations of War daily increase in France; tho' there are People who pretend there will be no War, because, say they, the King of Spain has returned a most obliging Answer to the Demands of the Court of Britain. We hear that Mr. Walpole the British Ambassador, is preparing to set out shortly for London against the Meeting of the Parliament.

London, Nov. 26. Letters which came to hand Yesterday from Barcelona advise, That an Order was come there from Madrid, which forbids the Importation of Corn from any Foreign Country after two Months; unless those concerned will conform to such Terms and Restrictions as are judged impossible to be complied with.

From the Whitehall Evening-Post, Nov. 26.

Warsaw, Nov. 20. We learn from Grodno, that great Preparations were making there for a magnificent Entertainment in the Hall of the Senators to be Tomorrow, after which his Majesty will fix a Day for his Return to Saxony; many of the Household, with the Baggage being gone before.

Hague, Decem. 1. The States Deputies are often in Conference on the Subject of Military Preparations, and new Orders are sent to the Colonels of all Regiments of Horse, Dragoons and Foot, viz. For facilitating the raising the Troops of Augmentation, the Officers are to enlist Soldiers for a certain Term no less than six Years. 'Tis assured also, that a strong Squadron will be equipped next Spring.

Extract of a Letter from Weymouth, dated Nov. 19. relating to the Earthquake which was felt there on Tuesday the 25th of last Month.

It was perceived in our Harbour, on board Ships which lay on the Ground at Ebb Tide, as well in others, a List was found of the Names of the Persons this Town and the Isle of Portland, as also beyond Dorchester Eastward, and beyond Bridgport Westward. It was chiefly observed by those that were in Chambers, where Candlesticks and other Things were seen to move, and the Beds to shake. They who were upon the Ground were not so sensible of

the Shock as of the Noise that attended it; which many who heard it, compar'd to the rattling of a Coach upon the Stones at some Distance. The Weather was very Calm.

Bristol, Nov. 23. Some Days ago one Mrs. Cave, who was both Deaf and Dumb, was married at St. Nicholas Church to a Tradesman of this City.

From the Flying Post, Nov. 29.

Paris, Nov. 29. The Assembly of the Clergy which was to break up last Month, still continues. The Cardinal de Fleury is to go and put an End to their Session, and to declare the King's Mind to them. His Majesty in acknowledgement of the five Millions which they grant him by way of Free-Gift, has not only suppressed the two per Cent. but promised them to forbid the Parliaments for the future from taking Cognisance of the Clergy for refusing the Constitution, and to give the Bishops full Powers to treat them as they shall think fit; so that the Jansenists and the Appellants are more narrowly enquired after, than Men that rob upon the Highway. Mr. le Abbe Berthier, a Priest, charged with being the Author of the Book Entituled, *The Parallel of the Doctrine of the Jesuits with that of the Pagans*, and who was therefore committed to the Bastille, was carried the Day before Yesterday to the House of Mr. Duprez the Bookseller, where he lodged when he was taken up, that he might there see the Search made among his Papers, and mark them, after which he was recommitted to the Bastille, without being suffered to speak to any Body.

The Prelates and Bishops who will not receive the Constitution, are threatened with being degraded if they don't retract, and of being turned over to the Pope that he may prosecute them, if they persist in their Obstinacy. Last Week two Priests of the Parish of St. Stephen du Mont were taken up and committed to the Bastille, upon whom were found a great many Manuscripts and printed Libels against the Constitution, with a

Discovery of the Measures taken by the Party that adhere to their Constitution, in order to get it received over all the Kingdom, and to support it by Pensions and otherwise.

'Tis said that among them. Two of the King's Exempts went by Order some Days ago to the City of Troyes in Champagne, where they made a Search among all the Printers and Booksellers, and found several Writings

tings in the Possession of Mr. le Fevre relating to the Constitution. He was preparing a new Edition of the *Truth made manifest*, which is of the same Style as the *Parallel* which was lately burnt by the Common Hangman, by Order of the Parliament of Paris. The said le Fevre was bound Hand and Foot, and then committed to the Bastille in order to take his Tryal.

From the Daily Journal, Nov. 29.

Brussels, Nov. 28. On Thursday General Zumjungen-delivered to the Archduches the present State of the Forces in the Netherlands. The said General is by the Emperor appointed to have the chief Command also of the other Troops expected here next Month for the Security of these Provinces from any Foreign Attack.

Basil, Nov. 28. The King of Sardinia having acceded to the Treaty of Hanover, has ordered his Troops to be augmented.

Paris, Decem. 4. This Day the Count de la March eldest Son of the Prince of Conti, entered into the Jesuites College. He is to have 20 Persons for his Attendance, and a Cook for his House.

There was lately found on the Shore near Calais a dead Fish, 47 Foot long, and 45 in Circumference.

From the London Gazette, Nov. 29.

At the Court at Kensington the 29th Day of November, 1726. Present the King's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

His Majesty in Council was this Day pleased to order, That the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the 8th of December next, shall be further prorogu'd to Tuesday the Seventeenth Day of January following: At which Time they are to sit for the Dispatch of several weighty and important Affairs.

Wye's Letter verbatim, London, Decem. 1.

No Foreign Mails this Post.

They write from Vienna, That on the 18th past the Emperor made a Speech to the States of Austria, wherein he represented, That tho' the Peace was concluded with Spain, and the Tranquillity of Europe hitherto preserved, yet he found himself obliged to demand of him something above the ordinary Subsidies, for augmenting the Troops, thereby to enable him to ward off all Disturbances which might be intended by some Enemies to the publick Peace, and to secure his Dominions against all Danger.

But it is something strange to think his Imperial Majesty should pretend to preserve Peace by violating Solemn Treaties, as has been so fully set forth in the Memorials of the Allies of Hanover; which no Doubt will act with such Vigour as to oblige him to make Satisfaction, notwithstanding the extraordinary Preparations that are making by him and his new Allies.

Letters from Philipsburg and Khel confirm, that France is making great Warlike Preparations in Alsatia.

Our Merchants have Advice of the Loss of the Jamaica Ship Delassa bound to London, being abandoned by her Crew in the Latitude of 36, having ten Foot Water in her Hold. She had on board 358 Hoggheads of Sugar, two Puncheons of Rum, and two Casks of Jamaica Pepper.

Letters from Devizes of the 28th past say, that the Weavers are still up about Bradford, Metham, and other Places, committing their usual Outrages. They came lately within three Miles of the Devizes, and were designed to visit that Place; but hearing that a Troop of Dragoons lay there, did not think fit to proceed. The Difference they have is with their Masters the Cloathiers, whom they have used very ill in divers Places, on Pretence of their increasing their Work, and diminishing their Wages.

On the other hand, we hear that the Blackhall Factors went up to complain of the Outrages of the Weavers, and particularly, that they refused to work under 16 Pence, in stead of 14 Pence the Yard of fine Broad-cloth; and insist on its being narrower than usual. Which if complied with, will disgrace the Manufactory. Whereupon an Express was dispatched Westward.

They write from Dublin, That on the 14th past Oath was made in the Court of King's Bench there, against divers Persons who had been employed to ship off Men for the Pretender's Service; That 4 Persons, having their Faces black'd, broke into the House of Mr. Nasle of Torraby in the County of Cork, and carried off a considerable Quantity of Plate; among the Pieces, a Saltar and Chalice given by the Bishop of Cloyne to the Church of Tar-

hobby. We are to add to our Accounts from the Devizes, that on Sunday morning Part of the Dragoons marched thence to Metham, the Residence of the High Sheriff of the County, who 'tis said was knocked down

down by the Rioters. Mean-time some pretend, that the Call for our Manufactures is very much lessened: But 'tis believed the K. of Spain's Prohibition mentioned in our former, will not last long, since, in Return, G. Britain may probably prohibit th' Importation of Wine and Fruits from Spain. Besides, the Detention of the Galleons is so shocking, as one would think cannot fail of subverting the Measures taken by the K. of Spain and his Allies for involving Europe in a War.

S. S. Stock 98. Annuities 91. Bank 119.

The Earl of Burlington, and Sir Henry Beddingfield are arrived here from Paris. Whence we are told, That the French are marching 15 Battallions and 12 Squadrons to Alsace; and that the Emperor has resolved to raise 11 Regiments of Horse and Foot.

Dr. Gilbert is made Dean of Exeter. The Dean and Chapter of Durham have resolved to reserve yearly 100 L. towards augmenting poor Livings.

From the Evening Post, Decem. 1.

Madrid, Nov. 1. We hear that the Court being resolved to have an Armado of 50 Men of War, Directions have been sent to all Parts for enlisting Sailors.

Vienna, Nov. 23. The King of Sardinia has formally acceded to the Treaty of Hanover, and the Republick of Genoa to that of Vienna. We are assured that most of the Courts of Europe have consented to a General Congress, for amicably terminating all Differences.

They write from Milan, that Count Danna had given Orders to get ready 20,000 Imperial Troops to march at an Hour's Warning towards the Frontiers of Piedmont.

STS. The DIRECTORS of the BANK of SCOTLAND having certain Knowledge, that some wicked and malicious Person or Persons have been and are endeavouring to Counterfeite the Company's Twenty-shilling Notes, and to impose them upon innocent and honest Persons: These are therefore to desir all Persons to whom any Twenty-shilling Notes shall be presented, to look if the Words *BANK OF SCOTLAND*, be in the Paper in it's proper Place, above the Treasurer's Subscription; but in case they observe the said Words be stamp'd on the Back side of the Note, and not to have been originally with the Paper itself, they are not to receive the same, but to take special Notice and Knowledge of the Person who offers such Note, and to discover the same to the Treasurer of the Bank. And the DIRECTORS hereby faithfully promise to give a Reward of *One Hundred Pounds Sterling* to any who shall discover and cause apprehend any Person guilty of or accessory to the said Forgery, so as he may be brought to condign Punishment, and the Discoverer's Name shall be concealed. This by Order of the COURT OF DIRECTORS. Signed
by me.

DAVID SPENCE. Secretary.

¶¶¶ On Tuesday the Fourteenth of February 1727, to be run for at Leith, near Edinburgh, a Prize of Seventy Guineas, (given by the County) by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, the best of Three Heats; the winning Horse to have a Plate of Sixty Guineas; the second best deserving, a Purse of Ten Guineas: Full-aged, to carry 10 Stone; Six Years old, 9 Stone 12 pounds; the Five Years old, 9 Stone 4 pounds, and the Four Years old, 8 Stone, 6 pounds, all English Weight, beside Saddle and Bridle. A Certificate of their Ages to be produced under the Hand of the Breeder. No Crossing or Jostling. To run as the Articles shall direct. Each Horse to pay two Guineas, and to be at Leith 10 Days before Running; and to be booked, entered and shown Friday before running betwixt one and five after Noon with the Town Clerk of Leith; with whom the Articles are to be seen. Four Horses to start, or no Race.

¶¶¶ There is to be exposed to publick Roup and Sale, on Thursday the 15th of December 1726, in the House of Patrick Herdman Vintner, betwixt the Hours of 3 & 4 after Noon, the Town and Lands of CRAGLOCKHART, Tower, Portalice, Mannor place, Houses, Biggings, Yards and Pertinents thereto belonging, being a good fertile Soil, pleasantly situate, having large Conveniency for Pasturage on the Hills belonging thereto; with the Houses and Stone-Quarry pertaining to the same in Selatford. There is a large handsome House two Storey high, lately built on the said Lands, possessed by the Senane, besides several other Conveniences; such as a Brewery possessed by a Sub-tenant, a convenient Seat in the Church, and the like; lying about two Miles West from Edinburgh, in the Sheriffdom thereof, Parish of Hails, alias Colington. The Lands hold Blanche of the Crown. The Rental, Conditions of Roup, and Rights, are to be seen in the Hands of Thomas Johnston Writer in Edinburgh, in Mr. Alison of Birkhill's Writing chamber in Carrubber's Close, on the North side of the Street, above the Bishop's Land.

¶¶¶ That on the 22d Day of December Inst. betwixt the Hours of two and four in the Afternoon, in the House of M. Don Vintner in Edinburgh, there is to be sold by publick voluntary Roup, the Lands of Laghall, Netherton, Boigs, Prieflands, Redbrae, Woodhead and Miln Armanoch and Marchromne, with a Salmon-Fishing on the Water of Nith, paying 107 L. 6 sh. 8 d. Sterl. of Yearly free Rent, beside Kains and Casualties, holden of the Crown Taxward, lying within a Mile or theraby of the Burgh of Dumfries, the greatest Part thereof betwixt the Waters of Nith and Criffin, in the Parish of Troquie and Stewartry of Kircudbright. The Progess of the Writs with the Rental and Conditions of Sale, to be seen in the Hands of Thomas Goldie Writer to the Signet at his Writing Chamber in Edinburgh.

¶¶¶ Whereas it was advertised on the 17th of November last, that on the 26th of December next, betwixt the Hours of ten and twelve in the Forenoon, within the House of Robert Henderson at Keir, there was to be exposed to Sale, by Way of publick Roup, the Wood of KEIR, lying two Miles North-West from Stirling, and within a Mile of Dumblane, consisting mostly of Oak, and some fine Ashes; The Articles of Roup to be seen at George Robertson of Craigarnhall his House at the Park of Keir:

No. 3. The Roup is to be on the SIXTEENTH of December.